A WESTERN MAN LIKELY TO BE CHOSEN. SOME OF THE CONJECTURES IN INDIANAPOLIS-GENERAL HARRISON VISITED BY CLERGY.

MEN WITH AN ADDRESS ON PARCHMENT. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Indianapolis, Feb. 4.-The impression is gaining ground here that Senator Allison has actually declined General Harrison's invitation to go into the Cabinet as Secretary of the Treasury. reasons for the Iowa statesman's refusal to take the Treesury have already been thoroughly canvassed, and his desire to stay in the Senate has been satisfactorily accounted for. The fact of his declination has not been announced, and will not be announced by the President-elect.

None of the statements about Senator Allison sent out from here," said General Harrison to-day, " has been in any way authorized. I have not said anything to any correspondent about the matter, and cannot be made responsible for anything that the newspapers have printed about a letter mailed last week from Senator Allison to myself."

Still the feeling here is growing stronger that some information has reached General Harrison from Senator Allison since the Senator's return to Washington, and that this information practically put Mr. Allison out of the list of possible Cabinet One of General Harrison's closest friends, who has been certain up to last night that no letter had come, said this afternoon that he no longer expected to see Mr. Allison the next Secretary of the Treasury.

Is there any other Western man you can think of whom General Harrison is likely to select in Mr. Allison's place?" this Indiana politician was

"I have no idea about that," was the reply, " but General Harrison has said within a day or two that, even if Senator Allison did decline, the Tressury would still go to the West."

Speculators here have been guessing who this second Western man is. The only man on whom all unite as a probable choice for the Department is Colonel John C. New. Colonel New, it is well known, has been First Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, as well as Treasurer of the United States. He would bring a valuable experience to the administration of the Department, and General Harrison has, perhaps, no closer and warmer political friend. Colonel New has discouraged any effort to have his name suggested to the President-elect, but Indiana Republicans generally would be warmly interested in his candidacy, if he did show a desire to have the place. The Colonel did not start for New-York to-day, as he had expected to do. He may get

General Harrison has said several times recently that he would invite no more Senators or Representatives to go into his Cabinet. It is thought, however, that he has made a mental reservation in favor of Senator Evarts, whom he has expressed a desire, all other things being satisfactorily arranged, to see in the Attorney-Generalship.

The incident of the day at General Harrison's home was a non-political one. Several weeks ago the Indianapolis Ministers' to which nearly all the Protestant clergy of the city belong, voted to prepare and present to the President-elect an dress, expressing the high esteem and cordial affection felt for him by all the organized religious bodies here. To-day the members of the association went up to the General's to deliver the address, written out on a large piece of parchment, and to wish him personally a pleasant and prosperous administration. There were forty-two names signed at the bottom of the memorial, and about as many clergymen were in the party that They reached the house about noon, and after all had shaken hands in turn with General Harrison, the spokesman of the delegation, the Rev. Hanford A. Edson, paster of the Memorial Preshyterian Church, explained the object of the visit in a brief speech. Here is what he said:

General Harrison: Your neighbors and friends, the members of the Indianapolis Ministers' Association, have been in a "strait betwirt two." We are not unmindful of your imporative engagements, and ye we were unwilling to see you taken from among us to your new tasks without seeking an opportunity to pay you our respects and wish you Godspeed. Considering the weight of re-sponsibility so soon to come upon you, it is grateful to be As we stand before our congregations and in our homes, you may be assured that we shall continue to crave for you His protection and guidance. The association has prepared a brief address, and it is my pleasure, in their penalf, now to present to you these expressions of their most cordial esteem and affection.

The address itself was also short and in commendable good taste. This was the wording of it:

To General Benjamin Harrison, President-elect of the United States.

Upon the eve of your departure from among us to enter upon the high office to which you have been chosen by your countrymen, the members of the Indianapolis Ministerial Association beg leave mose respect to tender this expression of their cordial esteer and affection. It is natural that we should conside the influence of our National development upon th progress of the Kingdom of Josus Christ. We there-fore rejoice that the Chief Mayistracy of the Republic is to be intrusted to one who holds all Christian interests in sacred regard. We shall continue to remember you before the Throne of Heavenly Grace, imploring for you that Divine guidance upon which all power and use fulness must depend. Trusting that happiness may remain with you and yours through the coming years, and that its your responsible station you may be "a minister of God for good" to our country and the world, we subscribe ourselves most respectfully and sincerely yours General Harrison took the parchment from the

spokesman of the association and then replied: I very greatly appreciate this kind and friendly expres-sion. Coming, as it does, from all the pulpits of the city, it is all the more grateful to me, entering upon the dis-charge of the duties which I shall so soon assume. I charge of the duties which I shall so soon assume. I shall be thankful for the prayers and sympathies of all the good people of this Nation. If I am conocious of any one thing in connection with the office to which I have been called, it is of a serious and settled desire to do right, as it shall be given to me to see the right. I thank you for your visit and for your friendly expressin of ir

Apart from the ministers, there were few callers of consequence on the President-elect. Congress man George W. Steele, of Marion, Indiana, stopped for a few hours on his way home. He said he was not here on a political errand, but had come to Indiana to look after some affairs connected with a Soldiers' Home in his district. been reported that Major Steele was to bring General Harrison a summary of the views of Republicans Representatives and Senators on the Cabinet question. This Major Steele denies. When asked whether he thought Senator Allison had declined the Secretaryshi of the Treasury or not, the Congressman said that he did not know anything about it. He thought, however, that the prospect of leaving his pleasant berth in the Senate for the extremely trying labors of the Treasury would be too much for Mr. Allison.

Some other visitors were L. E. Parsons, jr., the Birmingham Republican, who wanted to talk about Southern matters: A. W. Iddings, a Nebraska elector; Judge Hines, of Proctorsville, Vermont, who was once the General's law-partner; Charles Avery, of Buffalo, and Surgeon-General

A delegation of Southerners, all Democrats, who are here doing business, will call on the President-elect to-morrow. In the party will be O. C.

term in the next Congress, and will probably be successful

AN INVITATION TO THE PRESIDENT-ELECT. Philadelphia, Feb. 4 (Special).—Councilmen Freeman and Thompson, who were appointed by Councils to acquaint President-elect Harrison with the general desire that he should spend a portion of his time in this city while en route for the Centennial celebration in New-York next April, called on Mayor Fitler this afternoon and reported the result of their nitssion. Both said that they had been kindly received by General Harrison. who had assured them that he would do his utmost to accept the invitation. Later in the day Mayor Fitler received the following autograph letter from the

President-elect:

Hon. Edwin H. Fitler, Philadelphia:

My Dear Sir: I have your note of January 28, advising me that Messrs. Thompson and Freeman, a part of a committee of the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia, will call upon me to present an invitation to visit Philadelphia in April next. I shall have glad to see the gentlemen and confer with them upon the subject. Of course, it will be impossible for me to give any definite answer to their request, as I cannot foresee what my public engagements may be at cannot foresee what my public engagements may be at the time named. Very truly yours,

COLORED MEN GOING TO INDIANAPOLIS. Petersburg, Va., Feb. 4 (Special).-The delegation of representative Southern colored men led by John M. Langston, which is to call upon President-elect Harrison, will leave Washington for Indianapolis on February 10. The delegation, which will be com posed of five or more of the most prominent and influential colored men of each of the Southern States, will present General Harrison with a memorial pre-pared by Mr. Langston, giving a detailed statement of the condition of the negro in the South.

ONE SLATE HAS MR. WINDOM'S NAME. Indianapolis, Feb. 4.—There are rumors and rumors the Cabinet situation, and they multiply faster than the seven-year locusts of Egypt. The best opinion here is that Blaine will be Secretary of State; William Windom, of the Treasury; Rusk, of War, and Wanamaker for the Navy; with Evaris as Attorney. General, As has been said there is no doubt that Allison has positively declined to go into the Cabinet, and as General Harrison desired the Treasury Department to go to the West, I is reported on good authority that he has selected Mr is reported on good authorities windom for that place.

DANCING FOR CHARITY.

A BRILLIANT BALL AT MONTCLAIR, N. J.-MUCH ENJOYMENT FOR A GOOD CAUSE.

Handsome decorations, dazzling lights, bright face and beautiful costumes united to make a brilliant scene in the Rink building, at Montclair, N. J., last night. The occasion was the second annual charity ball, and the wealth and beauty of Montelair and the surrounding towns turned out to enjoy themselves in the good cause of charity. The rink was beautifully decorated. Festoons of red, white and blue bunting were hung upon the walls and long streamers of the same materials, with the brilliant coored flags of all nations, were suspended from the rafters, and crosse and recrossed the hall in every direction. The light was furnished by upwards of 400 candles, which were arranged in parallel rows across the ball, sheddin their soft rays upon the beautiful faces and handsom ostumes of the fairest of Montclair's daughters, and forming no small addition to the beauty of the scene The grand march began shortly before 10 o'clock, and the dancing continued until about half-past 2. Upward of 150 couples were on the floor.

The proceeds of the ball will be divided between the

Children's Home of Montelair and the local charities. The ball was given under the patronage of the follow ng ladies: Mrs. C. H. Benedict, Mrs. S. W. Carey Mrs. G. W. Berrian, Mrs. Israel Crane, Mrs. R M. Boyd, Mrs. D. P. Cruiksbank, Mrs. E. A. Bradley Mrs. A. G. Darwin, Mrs. Ogden Brower, Mrs. William Fellowes, Mrs. A. F. Brown, Mrs. D. N. Force, Mrs. E. G. Burgess, Mrs. F. W. Gwinn, Mrs. A. T. Campbell. W. A. Houghton, Mrs. W. V. Carolin, Mrs. C H. Huestis, Mrs. J. E. Hawes, Mrs. J. R. Rand, Mrs. R. M. Hening, Mrs. C. V. Reynal, Mrs. George Inner Mrs. S. C. Root, Mrs. H. B. Keen, G. W. Sheldon, Mrs. J. R. Livermore, Mrs. H. G. H. Tarr, Mrs. W. M. Marcus, Mrs. W. W. Underhill Mrs. C. R. Marvin, Mrs. T. C. Wallace, Mrs. W H. Power, Mrs. L. C. Washburn, Mrs. John Porter, Mrs. F. M. Wheeler and Mrs. Thomas Porter. The floor committee which had charge of the ar

rangements consisted of the following: Dr. John B rangements consisted of the following: Dr. Soun-Hawes, John H. Wilson, Frederick W. Gwinn, Romeyn Berry, R. M. Henring, Frederick A. John Robert Boyd, jr., William H. Freeman, Seelye Be diet, William B. Chalmers, Thomas M. Porter, Freder M. Porter, William G. Ludiam, and Alex Neyes.

NIEMANN WILL NOT COME.

THE REPORT THAT HE HAS BEEN STRICKEN

It is definitely settled that Albert Niemann, thiguished German tenor, will not accompany the Metro-politan Opera House Company en its coming tour. Neither will he return to New-York to take part in the produc tion of "The Ring of the Nibelung," which is to mark the close of the German opera season in this city. "Herr Niemann cabled Mr. Stanton some time ago that he wa and Marie Lehmann wrote from Vienna to her siste Lilli (Frau Ralisch) that Niemann had been stricken wit paralysis. Ne confirmation of the report has been re

looks scarcely lifty, and is considerably above the average size, weighting over 225 pounds. A short time ago he retired on a pension from the Royal Opera in Berlin. There was no demonstration, such as there would have been in the United States; he stepped out quietly and simply. For many years he has been a victim of the gout, and his friends believe that his present illness is due to his old enemy, and not to paralysis.

WILL MR. CLEVELAND LIVE IN BROOKLYN? The report that President Cleveland will resume his law practice in New-York created much interest Brooklyn, where it is reported that he and Mrs. Cleveland will make their future home. Charles W. Bangs with whom he is to be associated, was asked yester day in regard to this matter, and said: "There is possibility, but I think little probability, of such an occurrence. Mr. Cleveland has been very much taker with New-York for some time past, and it is altograther likely that he will make his residence in Brooklyn." The fact that Postmaster-General Dickinson has a summer-house at hath Heach lends currency to the statement that the White House family will live in that suburb of Brooklyn.

statement that the Whit

SUPPOSED SUICIDE OF A FORMER NEW YORKER. Petersburg, Va., Feb. 4 (Special).—The dead body of Albert Hicks was found this morning in a ravine near his city. There was a builet-hole in his head, and five-barrelled revolver, with one chamber empty, la by his side. Hicks, who was about sixty years old ame to this State from New-York. He has a sister n that city, and a brother in New-Orleans. He formerly lived on a farm in Prince George County this state. Hicks had frequently discussed the subjec-

TO CHANGE THE VENUE POR IVES AND STAYNER District Attorney Hidgway, of Rings County, as law-yer for Henry S. Ives and George H. Stayner, Who in Ludiow Street Jail in default of b \$250,000 each, served notice yesterday on the plaintiff's lawyet, Frank R. Lawrence, that he would move that the rial of the case be changed to Brooklyn. will be argued before Judge Morgan J. O'Brien to-day in

NO HAZING AT EUTGERS.

The report published on Sunday about the alleged hazing of a student at Rutgers College by fellow students attire. as white caps, proves to be entirely without foundation. "The Fredonian," the local paper which started the story yesterday published a full retraction and apology. There has been no hazing at Rutgers for several years.

SUPPOSED TENOR OF THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

SUPPOSED TEROR OF THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS.
Indianapolis dispatch to The Philadelphia Times.

President-elect Harrison is said to have completed
his inaugural address, and the last paragraph was
sopied on the typewylter by Stenographer Thibetts
late yesterday atternoon.

Importance have not been enlarged upon, and many
which might seem to demand more extended notice
have been dropped with a mere reference. The Civil
Service, the development of the South, which he refers to as "a section of our great Republic," and the
admission of certain Territories to the sisterhood of
States are discussed in separate paragraphs, and his dission of certain Territories to the sisterhead of es are discussed in separate paragraphs, and his is are fully given on each. The subject of pro-on to American Industries is treated at greater th than any other, and his utterances will prove imoderate than is generally expected. He will ode that the tarif laws should be revised, and suggest that a careful study of its provisions will inequalities that should be remedied by proper ation, short paragraph.

dent-elect to-morrow. In the party will be O. C. Greene and H. K. Bryson, of Fayetteville, Tenn.; and Major F. W. Glover and E. P. Dobbs, of Marietta, Ga. They will tell General Harrison that many Democrats in the South were heartily pleased by his election, and that they expect from him an admirable Administration.

One of the last of General Harrison's callers was Congressman-elect Posey, of the Ist Indiana District. He was on his way to Washington, to take Governor Hovey's seat. He was besten about twenty votes host November, but defeated his Denocratic opponent at the special election by over 1.000. He will contest the seat for the full

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

A NEW COAL ROAD TO BE BUILT. TO BE A FEEDER TO THE LEHIGH VALLEY ROAD

AND A COMPETITOR OF THE READING. Philadelphia, Feb. 4 (Special).-In railroad and coal reles here it is authoritatively stated that a syndicate of rich capitalists, composed of citizens of New-York, Philadelphia and Pottsville, are buying up vast tracts of coal lands about Pottsville. also reported that almost all the good coal lands in the western end of the Southern Basin not owned by the Reading Company has been secured by the syndicate. It is further asserted that the syndicate are making the purchases in the interests of the Lehigh Railroad, and that they will construct the Lizard Creek Railroad, which scheme was abandoned a long time ago in order to allow the Lehigh Valley

to enter this region, which has heretofore been me

nopelized by the Reading-A person connected with the syndicate to-day verified the report that the new road will be built and will be made to reach all these new coal fields. The road will be sixty miles long, extending from Minersville to Bowman's Station, on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, a few miles this side of Manch Chunk. The route was originally surveyed by Minehill and Schuylkill Haven Railroad, before that corporation was leased to the Reading. The Mine hill was not satisfied with the rental offered by the Reading and began negotiations with the Lehigh Valley. To connect the Minehill with the Lehigh Valley, the Lizard Creek road was projected, and it was actually surveyed and partially graded when the Reading came to terms. It was stipulated that the Reading should complete the road; but as no time was fixed for its completion, the force put on by the Reading Company, one man with a wheelparrow, was inadequate to the task. In some way he charter fell into the possession of the presen syndicate, who will complete it under the title of the schuylkill and Lehigh Valley Hallroad. The line is an excellent one, and a great deal of work has been done on it already. E. N. Frisby, of New-York, is the president, and James A. Thurston, of the American Loan and Trust Company of New-York, is treasurer. It is said these same men, with Arle Pardee and other Lehigh Valley coal operators, are members of the coal symbols. ers of the coal syndicate.

SURVEY FOR THE BALTIMORE BELT LINE. A PLAN THAT WILL LESSEN THE NEED OF TRANSPORTATION BY FERRY.

Baltimere, Feb. 4 (Special).-En incers are now arveying the route of the proposed Belt Line around this city, which will afford the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company a closer connection between its Washington and Philadelphia lines. There has been considerable talk of late in railroad circles about this scheme. The projectors of the line are mostly friendly to Baltimore and Ohio interests, though they say that he Northern Central and the Pennsylvania Railroad renerally will be equally benefited with the Baltimo nd Ohio. It is understood that the Belt Line will begin at the Baltimore and Ohio stock yards, west of this city, and connecting direct with the Baltimore and Ohlo's main line and extending along the northwestern limits of the city, touch the Pennsylvania' tock yards, then connect with the Maryland Central Railroad, which runs to Delta, Penn., and is to be extended to the Susquehanna River, and thence east vardly to the Baltimore and Ohio's Philadelphia line,

Rayview Station. The Northern tapped about a mile north of Union station. The Belt Line, after crossing he lightimore and Ohio, extends to the grain elevators Canton, on the Patapsco River. The Baltimor nd Ohlo people will not say anything about their n their part to get around the city and thus avoid rossing the harbor on a ferry to make connection ith the New-York and Philadelphia extension. So ng as they continue the ferry system, the Pennsyluickest route between Washington and New-York. he Belt Line will no doubt be constructed with the eneral understanding that it will offer equal facilities the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Onlo, and soon after it is in operation the Baltimore and Ohlo will

The same capitalists are backing the Belt Line who will be changed to a broad-gauge road and probably extended to a connection with the *Reading. The same syndicate that constructs the Belt Line and reorganizes the Maryland Central has now purchased the York and Feach Bottom Railroad, which runs from York, Penn, to Feach Bottom, on the Susquehanna River, forty miles.

AWAY ON A TOUR OF INSPECTION. The president of the Louisville and Nashville Rail-

oad invited some of his friends to accompany him on tour of inspection. The members of the company who met at the Pennsylvania Depot at 4:80 p. m vesterday were Andrew Carnegie, William L. Abbott, James W. Paul, Jr., Edmund Smith, Thomas Rutter, Logan C. Mugray, R. P. Flower, R. T. Wilson, B. . D. Probst and the Rev. John Hutchins. James M. wank, secretary of the American Iron and Steel Asse alon, may be one of the company, and President rion will take with him the son named after him.

The trip will extend over two weeks, and the princioal points which will be visited will be Lynchburg Va., Chattanooga, Nashville, Birmingham, Pensacola New-Orieans, Memphis and Loutsville. The itinerary is not to be a "junketting" trip, according to President Norton, but a veyage of discovery. The Southern country is well known to some of the investigators, but others have yet to learn its possibilities.

THE VANDERBILTS AND THE "BIG FOUR" ROAD Richmond Va., Feb. 4 (Special).-A report reached Richmond to-day that the Vanderbilts had obtained president of that road, is in this city, but when seen by a reporter to night refused to talk about the matter. This is regarded as a confession of a change, Mr. Ingalls said that he could be seen to merrow.

A REPORT ON WARASH MATTERS.

A report has just been filed in the United States Circuit
Court at Chicago by Eluford Wilson and A. J. Ricks as
masters in the fereelosure proceedings against the Wabash
rallway, finding in favor of the Johnson-Popper committee dissenting bendholders, upon all the points in contro-ersy. These points are: first, the validity of the ex-msion of the Toledo and Illinois, and the Lake Eric, Values and St. Louis. The masters find that this ex-ension was duly and regularly made. Second, the funded that and script of 1877. The masters find that this debt. th bonds and script, is a part of the first mortgag upon the various lines to which the original bonds be-outed, and is entitled to be treated precisely as the original first mortgage debt. Third, the question of the squipment and rolling stock of the Wahash system. The masters find that all the present equipment of the system belongs primarily to its first mortgage landholders, and must be apportioned among the several first mortgages on some equitable basis. In the absence of testimony sup-porting any other method of division, they report that it should be divided on the basis of mileage. The proceed-ings before the masters were going on for over these before the masters were going on for over three ie masters have been preparing the report. Ex-Governo amberlain, of this city, and C. E. Patterson, of Troy, counsel, represented the Johnson-Popper committee,

Pittsburg, Feb. 4.—A call has been issued for a necting of the Central Truffic Association in Chicago on Thursday to consider the report of the reorganication committee. The association includes as fix embers the lines in the territory between Buffalo and Pittsburg on the east, and Mississippi River on he west. About forty railroads are now members and an effort is to be made to have the outside lines oin the organization.

Providence, R. L. Feb. 4.-The forty-fourth annual meeting of the Providence and Worcester Road stock-holders was held this morning, President M. B. I. loddard in the chair. It was voted to appeal to the denoral Assembly for amendment of charter, reducng the number on the board of directors. The board inder the amendment is to be composed of not less han five nor more than seven stockholders, instead of fifteen, as now required. The old board of directors was re-elected unanimously for the ensuing year. The statements of earnings and expenses showed: Income passengers. 8:42:177-47; freight, 8:771,200-99; malls, 8:3.540-99; rents, 8:8.507-18; express, 8:17.066-44; wharf, 8:51,8:30-40; total, 8:1,397-601-15. The expenses were \$505.0:50-93, and the net carnings above operating expenses to September 30-8402,6:20-22.

Taked Feb. 4. The soul of the America.

Toledo, Feb. 4.-The suit of the American Finance Company and the Central Trust Company to set aside he sale of the Toledo, Columbus and Southern Raiload made last October was decided in the United

Jacksonville, Fig., Feb 4 (Special).—There has just been corded in the County Clerk's office here a mertgage band or £1,000,000, given by the Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Halifax Railway Company to the Mercantile Trust company of New-York. This mortrage, it is believed, is a connection with the erection of the heldge here over the

o sheckmate the Iowa Commission they will doubtless wall themselves of it. In the meantime they cannot avail themselves of it. In the meantime they cannot avoid putting the dreaded schedule of rates into operation. These rates are about 30 per cent lower than those now in effect in lowa, and 20 per cent lower than the Illinois commissioner's rates. The effect of this change, it is claimed by the railroad officials, will be to pull down all State and interstate rates throughout the West; for, in obeying the Iowa law, the railroads cannot ignore the

ions of the Interstate Commerce law. Baltimore, Feb. 4 .- President Mayer persistently re Juses to be interviewed on the Philadelphia announcement that Thomas M. Ring is to be the Baltimore and Ohi second vice-president, and which is now accepted as a fact in railread circles. It is understood that he will have management of the physical operations of the road the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad system has been offer to Charles S. Mellen, new assistant general manager of on Pacific and formerly general superintendent of the Boston and Lowell road.

SHAMEFUL ABUSE OF AN AMERICAN IN PERU.

INCIDENTS WHICH MAKE CLEAR THE METHODS OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

Washington, Feb. 4 (Special).-The manner in which the State Department, under Secretary Bayard, has neglected to protect the rights of American citizes appears clearly in the following statement of fact in the case of a man not only an American but an official in the State Department. As long ago as June, 1885, an American citizen, a native of Penasylvania, V. H. MacCord was violently seized, thrown into prison and brutally treated. Without trial he was condemned and sentenced to death, and marched out at midnight to be shot, without the shadow of cause or provocation, by the authorities of Arequipa, the second city of Peru. The sum of ten thousand follars was raised by residents of the city and paid to the violators of the law and his rights, and by this sum his liberty was purchased, and he was released. This inexcusable outrage was soon after formally known in all its details to Secretary Bayard. excused himself from demanding reparation by reason of a statement from Minister Buck, resident at Lima, that at the time of the outrage Peru was in a condito of armed revolution; that the prefect, Manuel San Roman, who is charged by MacCord with responsibility for his injuries, was a colonel in the Peruvian army and a revolutionary chieftain.

In December, 1886, the perpetrators of this outrage at Arequipa, fearing the consequences to themselves, referred the matter to the authorities of the Peruvian Government at Lima, who indorsed their approval of the violence and crime against MacCord, and thereby made it the act of the Government.

Presuming upon the indifference manifested by the United States Government, in June or July of 1888 Mr. MacCord was again imprisoned in his office for five days, so that the sum of \$3,000 might be extorted from him. His captors refused him both food and water for twenty-seven hours, of which and against which Mr. MacCord made a fresh protest before the English Minister. Again, on September 26, 1888, the house of Mr. Thorndike, a New-York man, a portion of which was used and occupied by Mr. MacCord in his United States Consular Agency, was taken posses sion of by an armed force and the Consulate closed and For such insults to the United States Government

and indignities to one of its citizens, in fact, a Government official, Minister Buck, at Lima, demanded an apology, to which neither notice nor respect was The fact is well known that all demands made in the interests of American citizens outraged in per son or property are treated with both scorn and con tempt by Peruvian authorities, while the claims of all other countries are respected and properly ad-This, to put it mildly, is humiliating to every American citizen and disgraceful to the United

Six months ago the solicitor of Mr. MacCord filed with the Secretary of State a memorial in the shape of a bill in Chancery asking his Government to de mand reparation from the Peruvian Government fo the villanous and piratical treatment, demanding \$200,000 indemnity. In the meantime Mr. MacCord furnished our Minister at Lima, Mr. Buck, with evidence which by the Minister was deemed ample in support of his demand.

The facts in this case are known throughout South America, and the United States Government has become a laughing stock throughout that country And yet the State Department seems to have no time to devote to righting the claims of Mr. MacCord to devote to righting the claims of Mr. MacCord while as regards Hayri it acts eigenously enough. Here is the language of Secretary Bayani to be found in the correspondence with Minister Preston translated a few days ago to Congress:

"The rights of persons and property of American citizens engaged in business in Hayti cannot be permitted to become the football of contesting factions and their evanescent authority; and the protecting arm of the United States will be interposed for their security."

Security."

This sounds well, but seems strangely at variance with Mr. Bayard's performances in this particular case, and certainly is entirely contrary to the views expressed by Minister Buok.

NOT AGREED AS TO PROHIBITION. MINISTERS IN PITTSBURG DEBATING ON THE

PROPOSED AMENDMENT. Pittsburg, Feb. 4 (Special).-The prohibition amendment is not so favorably received by the clergy as was expected. Two Methodist ministers openly oppose prohibition without compensation. Mayor Rich-

ard T. Pearson, of Allegheny, a Jewish rabbi, and a Catholic monk, have declared against it on general principles. At a meeting to-day of the Methodist min isters of Pitrsburg and Allegheny there was discussed the question, "Should the Biquor men be compensated for the loss of property by the passage of the probi billon amendment?" The Rev. Mr. Sheppard pre-cented a strong argument in the affirmative. The Rev. G. G. Westfall, of Allegbeny, characterized the saloon-keepers as murderers, whereupon the Rev. A.
w. Robertson, of Allegheny, said: "A saloon-keeper
kills no man. Drinking is not an involuntary act.
Whatever may be our views as to the moral right of a man to sell or manufacture, we have no right to condemn it in the face of the law which legalizes it." In his sermon yesterday Rabbi L. Mayor said that

probabition would be more of an evil than good, and te was a sinner who could not control himself in the

It is said that the celebrated browery connected with St. Vincent's Monastery, at Latrobe, will be closed before the vote is taken. It was established by the monks nearly half a century ago, and is well mown to Catholics all over the United States. From the authorities it was learned that a feeling that the ss was 'not becoming to the religious and ed ucational life within the monastery was on the in-

Mayor Richard T. Pearson, of Allegheny City, in a published interview to-day, declared against the amendment on the ground of the great injury its passage would work to the i.e.g. glass-bottle and boopron trade, and the loss to farmers who would be unable to sell their tye. Gackenheimer Brothers

unable to sell their tye. Galachnemor Brothers, distillers at Freeport, Amistrong County, paid \$5,000 a week in wages. The closing of their establishment meant the ruin of the town.

A novel condition of allairs has been brought about in the churches of the Covenanters. This seet abstains from voting at all elections, because God is not recognized in the Constitution of the United States. Now it is suggested by one of their clergymen that they break the rule once at least, and vote for prohibition on June 18.

AFFAIRS AT THE PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

A CHANGE WANTED IN THE BY-LAWS OF THE GRATUITY FUND. The holders of certificates of membership in the

Produce Exchange have been considerably disturbed recently over the steady decline in the value of the certificates. At one time they sold for as high as \$5,000; now they can be had as low as \$1,300. It believed that a recent amendment to the by-laws of the Gratuity Fund has had much to do with the de cline, and the certificate-holders have asked the Board of Managers to repeal the amendment. When the Grainity Fund was started, about eight

years ago, a certificate of membership in the Exchange entitled the holder to enter the fund. An assessment of 83 was levied on all the members on the death of a member, which was paid to the latter's widow or neirs. With each year the fund increased so that the amount paid to the heirs of members who died was \$1,000 more than in the previous year. Thus the heirs of a member who died the first year got \$1,000, and those of one who died last year, or the seventh year of the existence of the fund, got \$7,000. One who States Court to-day. Judge Jackson confirmed the land, and the receiver was directed to turn the property over the with to the curchasers. Notice of an appeal to the United States Suprems Court was large and the large transfer of the final, put 87,000. One who hought a certificate of membership last year and entry over the wind had joined the first year and had large the large the system as paid his assessments steadily. Under this system a great many old men and sickly young men became

St. John's River.

Chicago, Fen 4.—The officials of the railreads interested in lows traffic appear deeply depressed to-day over Judge Brower's decision. The heads of the legal departments of the various companies were in consultation this afternoon until 2 15 o'clock, at which hour the Chicago Board of Trade closes fits doors.

OBITUARY.

MRS. MARY HEWINS FISKE.

Mrs. Mary H. Fiske died at 6:30 a.m. yesterday, after an illness of one week. Her malady was pneumonia, complicated with gastritis and a kidney affect ion. She was attended to by Dr. Thomas S. Robertson who called in for consultation Dr. Beverly Robinson Dr. Robert Watts and Dr. Trant, When taken ill on January 28 she had a premonition that she would not recover. After going to bed she said to an attendant that she would not need her clothes again, and expressed a wish that Colonel Ingersoll should say a ew words at her funeral. The noted agnostic has

been informed of this. Mrs. Fiske was the wife of Stephen Fiske, dramatic editor of "The Spirit of The Times," and at one tim manager of the Fifth Avenue Theatre. She was widely known among stage people and journalists. For the last nine years she had been connected with "The New-York Mirror," being the author of a column o breezy theatrical gossip contributed every week by the Giddy Gusher." A few months ago she became some what conspicuous as the writer of "Philip Herne," strong, but gloomy drama, which was produced by J. M. Hill at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, with Joseph Haworth in the title part. Though well received in this city, the play was not a success on the road, and few weeks ago was called in. The author recently adopted a baby boy found in the Westchester County woods, and called him Philip Herne. It is understood that she was at work on two other plays when taken

As a newspaper writer Mrs. Fiske's first work was done for "The St. Louis Republican." For years she con tributed letters and short stories to the columns of the Chicago "Tribune," "Herald" and "Times," and to the Washington "Herald" and "Post," She was married three As the wife of Charles Fox, manager of the old Bowery Theatre, she wrote and adapted numerou plays. As Mrs. Burnham she became known throughout the United States as the author of an extensive newspaper correspondence, signed with the initials

Mrs. Fiske was born in Hartford, Conn., where her brother, Matthew Hewins, the well-known billiard expert, is ill with pneumonia. The first stirring episodin her life occurred at the age of twelve years, when she ran away from home to join Rice's Circus. She emained with the show only two weeks, an elephant at the end of that time putting a quietus on her gym nastic aspirations by administering a rebuking squeeze with his trunk. Among the dramatic profession Mrs. Fiske will long be remembered as a kind, considerate and generous friand.

Fiske will long be remembered as a kind, considerate and generous friend.

The funeral will be held to morrow morning at 11 o'clock in Scottish Rite Hall, Madison-ave, and Twenty-ninth-st. The arrangements for the service are being made by Harrison Grey Fiske in accordance with the wishes expressed by the deceased writer. Colonel Ingersoll will deliver an address and appropriate music will be furnished by Mmc. Julia De Rayther, Signor Perugini, the quartet from the Dockstader Company and others. Among the pallbearers, of whom there will be eight, are A. M. Palmer, J. M. Hill, Dr. T. S. Robertson, Harrison Grey Fiske, Frank Sanger, George Waters and Joseph Wheelock. The theatrical and journalistic friends of Mrs. Fiske will act as ushers. A sufficient number of seats for personal friends have been reserved in the hall and cards for these may now be had on application at the office of "The New-York Dramatic Mirror," No. 145 Fifth-ave. The body will be taken to Hartford, Conn., where a final service will be held at one of the principal churches.

DEAN THOMAS CUNNINGHAM. Elmira, N. Y., Feb. 4.-The Very Rev. Dean Thomas Cunningham, of Saints Peter and Paul's Church of this city, died this morning of hardening of the liver. He was born in County Cavan, Ireland, in 1822 and received a classical education in Cont all, Ireland. He was ordained priest on September 15, 1850, in the St. Louis German Catholic Church at Buffalo. At different times he had charge of churches at Corning, Batavia and Elmira, having been in this city since 1873.

E. H. DUTTON. Edward H. Dutten died at his home in Buffalo early on Sunday morning. Mr. Dutten was born in 1805, and arly in life started in the stove-making business, for nany years supplying the large export trade of B. Thirty-two years ago he, in conjunction with John P. Townsend, started the firm of Dutton & Town-send, which at Seventh-st. and East River, long held posses sion of the largest stove supplying business in this part of he country. Mr. Dutton personally superintended the oked after the work of exportation to every part of the Some time ago both partners withdrew with arge fortunes, and the business is now carried on by II. Townsend and Stephen C. Clark. Since his retire ent Mr. Dutton has lived altogether at Buffalo. He has been married for fifty-four years and his widow and a daughter survive him. The burial will take place at Buffalo to-day at 2 o'clock.

CAPTAIN DANIEL H. HUTCHINSON. Boston, Feb. 4 (Special).—Captain Daniel H. Hutchin-ion, a veteran East India ship master, of Salem, died suddenly in this city this afternoon, age sixty-two. He at one time commanded the bark Victor, in the employ of Henry Hastings, of Boston. His later vessels have been the Scotoo and Mindaro, both from Salem. His voyages were almost entirely confined to Calcutta and Bembay.

S. H. McGILL. Princeton, N. J., Feb. 4 .- S. H. McGill, Class of '77. n active young lawyer and a brother of the Chancell the State of New-Jersey, died of brain fever to-day.

Mr. McGill was a son of the Rev. Dr. McGill, of the Seminary, who died a few days ago. JUDGE WILLIAM M. MERRICK.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Judge William M. Merrick, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, died at his residence in this city this evening of gastric com-He was a native of Maryland, about seventy cars of age, and was for two terms a member of Cor He served on the Credit debilier Committee and made the principal report of the nvestigation. He served as a member of the old Cir-uit Court of the District from 1855 to 1863, when the outer was legislated out of existence. President Cleveand appointed him to the place he occupied at the time

OBITUARY NOTES.

Abington, Me., Feb. 4.-Colonel Albert Whitmarch, who died yesterday at the age of seventy-nine years, was ne of the eldest and best-known citizens in this place before the war he was engaged in the cotton and hide usiness in New-Orleans, and had one of the largest establishments in the South. During the war he suffered great financial losses. He came North and resumed the noe business, remaining here to within ten years of his

Plainfield, N. J., Feb. 4.-Sarah J. Lattimer, widow of Henry G. Lattimer, died yesierday, leaving a fortune of nearly \$1,000,000. She was a very charitable woman, and had recently given given \$40,000 for the new Presbyterian Church now being cretted.

Chicago, Feb. 4.-The Rev. George Charles Street, the Cathedral of St. Peter and Paul in this city, died at Winter Park, Fla., aged seventy-five.

THE WEST VIRGINIA SENATORIAL FIGHT. Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 4 (Special).-Three ballots were taken in joint assembly to-day. Whole number of votes cast, 83; necessary to a choice, 42. Th first ballot gave Kenna 40, Goff 39, James Bassell 3 and C. W. Daily 1, the vote of Delegate Dorr. In the second ballot Dorr cast his vote for J. M. Rowan and vas followed by delegates Merrill, of Wirt County, and hanklin, of Monroe. The vote as announced gave Kenna 38; Goff, 39; Rowan, 3; Bas-ell, 3. The third ballot was the same, with the exception that Merrill eturned to Keena, the announced vote then being: Kenna, 39; Goff, 39; Rowan, 2, and Bassell, 3. It is not likely that any material change will be

made to-morrow. The time of both houses to-day made to-morrow. The time of both houses to-day was occupied in joint assembly in discussing Lively's resolution that the returns be opened and the result declared for all the State officers except for Governor. After several hours of debate the resolution was passed by a vote of 38 to 37. A resolution was introduced by Mr. Hanen that as, according to the returns, General Goff was elected by a majority of 110, he be declared duly elected Governor, provided the resolution shall not in any way conflict with Judge Fleming's right to contest the election.

GENERAL HAIGHT FULLY EXONERATED. Freehold, N. J., Peb. 4 (Special),-The special comnlittee of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Monmouth County recently appointed to investigate the accounts met here to-day. General Haight was charged with withholding from the county and appropriating to his own use money received by him upon forfeited recognizances to the amount of about 83,000, and also for making exorbitant charges against the county in sev-eral criminal cases. The committee examined the ndicating the prosecutor. The report will be signed all the committee.

NATIONAL GUARDSMEN AT DINNER. The tenth annual dinner of Company G, 13th Regiment, National Guard, was caten at Wilson's last evening. The guests of the company included Generals Christense and King, Majors Jahn, Kinkel and Morle, Colonel Auste and Captain Watson. About sixty sat at the tables and after the dinner a number of speeches were made.

GOVERNOR HILL APPOINTS A JUDGE

Albany, Feb. 4.-Governor Hill to-day appointed Macomber, of Rochester, a member of the General Term of the Supreme Court, Fifth Department, which meets at Albany to-morrow.

THE CENUINE JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.

TONIC and NUTRIENT, DYSPEPSIA. INDIGESTION, NURSING MOTHERS, LUNG TROUBLES, THE WEAK and DEBILITATED.

JOHANN HOFF" and "MORITZ EISNER" EISNER & MENDELSON CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE U. S. 6 BARCLAY STREET,

J. & J. SLATER, 1185 BROADWAY,

Cor. 28th-st., Will sell during month of February only all their

Soiled and Shop-worn

SHOES

that have accumulated during the year. Also a few

Broken Lots of Men's, Ludies', Boys' and Children's

Shoes, at one-third their value. It will pay to buy for country wear.

CHILDREN ENVELOPED IN FLAMES.

TWO LITTLE GIRLS, WHILE NEAR KITCHEN-STOVES, SET FIRE TO THEIR GOWNS-ONE DIES FROM HER BURNS.

"Surely so much trouble never came on a man all at once," wailed old Terence Garrie in his home, at No. 532 Greenwich-st., yesterday. His wife and youngest daughter were severely burned in their home, and were carried to St. Vincent's Hospital. His son John was believed to be dying from consumption in the house. Garrie is the owner of the two-story and attic house. The sickness of the oldest son, John, has been a trouble to the family, and Mrs. Garrie has been nearly tired out by watching at the young man's bedside in a front attic room. All the other children were able to work except little Agnes, twelve years old, who stayed away from school yesterday corning to help her mother. At 10 a. m. Mrs. Garrie, her sick son and Agnes were alone in the attic. The fire in the kitchen stove went out, and Agnes tried to kindle it again with paper and kerosene oil. Her dress caught fire, and the flames quickly enveloped her. She ran screaming through a middle room toward the sick chamber. Mrs. Garrie met her at the door and caught hold of her to keep her out of the bedroom. The girl was crazy with pain and terror, and ran downstairs to the rooms of Mrs. Catharine Dinihan, on the second floor. Mrs. Garrie ran downstalrs after Agnes. Mrs. Dinihan was in her kitchen when the girl ran in there and fell against her. The shock knocked Mrs. Dinihan down, and the woman and girl rolled on the floor together. The girl had become unconscious when Mrs. Dinihan got on her feet again. rie ran into the room and fell beside her daughter. A moment later the two women were trying to smother the flames that enveloped the girl's body.

Other inmates of the house went to the help of the women, but Agnes had been burned all over her body. and she seemed to be dying when an ambulance arrived to take her to the hospital. She suffered terribly from her burns, and died at 3:30 o'clock. Mrs. Garrie had been burned seriously on the face and both hands, and she was sent to the hospital later. Mrs. Dinikan had escaped with slight burns on her arms and chin. Throughout all the uproar John Garrie lay helpless and trembling in his bed in the attic Later in the day he looked as if he could not live many hours longer. Mrs. Drucker, the wife of a tailor living on the third

floor of the tenement-house No. 65 Stanton-st., left her three small children in the kitchen while she went out to a store in the neighborhood yesterday. four years of age, lighted some paper in the ktychen stove and set fire to her dress. Her older sister was stove and set fire to her dress. Her older sister was frightened and ran from the room, while the baby sat upon the floor and crowed with delight to see the flames burning Lillie's dress. Lillie screamed. Mrs. Green ran from across the hall and smothered the fire with a rug, burning her own hands severely in saying the child's life. Other women in the house cut the half-burned clothes off the little girl's body. Lillie had been burned terribly on the face, on one arm and on the side. One of the women got a bottle of lak and poured the ink over the burns. A policeman who was called in thought the link might poison the girl, and he ran to summon an ambulance by telegraph from the Eidridge-st. station. The suffering child was carried to the Gouverneur Hospital.

INSPECTING THE BURNED CALUMET MINE. Calumet, Mich., Feb. 4.-Six mining captains went under ground in the Calumet Mine last night. They at the fire had extended downward from the starting point, making the total depth of the burned district 2.100 feet. This is a disappointment to the managers, as they felt confident that it would not burn down at all. The experiment of letting the fire in the mine burn out has proven that the forcing down of carbonic gas saved the mine below where down of carbonic gas saved the the fires started in former fires.

FLIGHT OF A BUCKET-SHOP KEEPER. Fall River, Mass., Feb. 4.-C. H. Wheeler, who ran two bucket shops in this city, has left the town, leav ing a score of customers, whose losses range from hundreds to thousands of dollars.

INSANE BECAUSE OF HER LOVER'S DEATH. Buffalo, Feb. 4 (Special).—Rachel Smith, the girl whom Dominick Marion, the fireman who lost his life in Saturday's conflagration, was to have married in a few weeks, became violently insane to-day. She cries in essantly, "It can't be true, it can't be true."

HORNUNG TO PLAY IN BALTIMORE. Baltimore, Feb. 4 .- "Joe" Hornung, Boston's crack fielder, to-day accepted the offer made him by the Baltimore Easeball Club, and a contract was forwarded CHANGES IN "THE PHILADELPHIA TIMES".

Philadelphia, Feb. 4 - Darwin G. Fenno to-day as-sumed the managing editorship of "The Philadelphia Times," succeeding Charles II. Heustis, who becomes managing editor of "The Inquirer." Mr. Fenno been city editor of "The Times" for several years. TRIED TO THAW OUT DYNAMITE ON A STOVE.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 4 .- A Swede named Dalkin, engaged in mining in this city, tried to thaw out two cticks of dynamite yesterday by placing them on a tove. The attempt resulted in the blowing of himsoif, three comrades and the furniture in the room through the doors and windows of his house. No one was killed, but all were severely injured.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS FOR 24 HOURS. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.-8 p. fn.-For New-England and Eastern New-York, warmer, followed Tuesday by colder; now; southwesterly winds, becoming high northwesterly;

For Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, snow; colder; winds becoming northwesterly, with gales on the coast.

For Maryland and Delaware, light rain; colder.

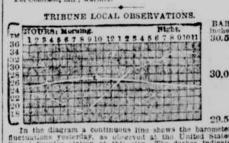
For Virginia and the Caro has, threatening weather; gen

For Georgia, Florida and Alabama, light rain followed by

For Mississippi, Louisiana and Eastern Texas, fair : much For Tennessee, Kentucky and West Virginia, light rais wed by fair ; much colder For Western Pennsylvania and Western New-York, heavy

now, followed by clearing ; much colder, For Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, rain turning into snow, followed by fair; much colder. For Michigan and Wisconsin, clearing : much colds

For Minnesota and Dakota, fair; warmer. For Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas, fair; much colder, folowed by rising temperature. TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In the diagram a continuous line shows the barometer fuctuations yesterday, as observed at the United States Signal Service station at this city. The dashes indicate temperature noted at Perry's Pharmacy, Sun Building.

TRIBUNE OFFICE, Feb. 5.—1 a. m.—One cold wave, which moved from Canada into Northern New-York and New-England Sunday, practically disappeared yesterday; while another pushed down into Minnesota, in the rear of a storm which travelled rapidly from Dakota to Michigan. In town, fair weather was followed by increasing cloudiness. The temperature ranged between 19° and 34°, the average (284°) being 6° lower than on the corresponding day last year, and 6% lower than on Sunday. and 6% lower than on Sunday.

In and near this city to-day there will probably be warmer, threatening weather, with light rain.